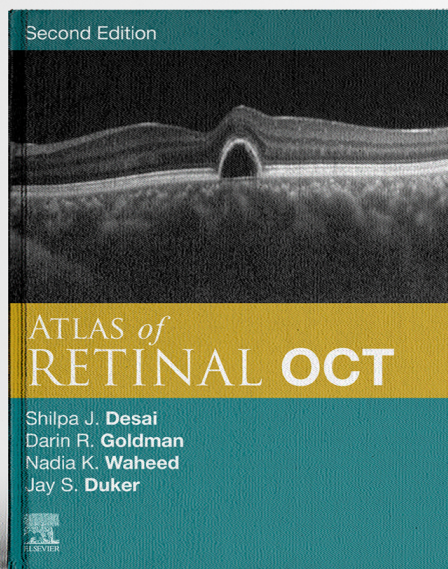




|                       |                               |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>Peso</b>           | 1 kg                          |
| <b>Dimensiones</b>    | 28 × 22 × 2 cm                |
| <b>Encuadernación</b> | Tapa blanda                   |
| <b>Páginas</b>        | 272                           |
| <b>Edición</b>        | 2a edición                    |
| <b>Año</b>            | 2023                          |
| <b>Autor</b>          | Jay S. Duker, Nadia K. Waheed |
| <b>Editorial</b>      | Elsevier                      |
| <b>ISBN</b>           | 9780323930437                 |
| <b>Idioma</b>         | Inglés                        |

## DESCRIPCIÓN DEL PRODUCTO

Unparalleled for aiding diagnosis of retinal disease and recording disease progression, Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) remains one of the most significant advances in ophthalmology over the past 50 years. Atlas of Retinal OCT, 2nd Edition, provides expert guidance in making the most of this diagnostic tool with high-quality, oversized images that show precise detail and assist with rapid, accurate clinical decision making. Led by the same expert team of Drs. Jay S. Duker, Nadia K. Waheed, and Darin R. Goldman, and with the addition of new editor Dr. Shilpa J. Desai, this atlas remains your “go to reference source for OCT imaging of the retina. Now updated throughout to align with current practice, it covers a range of both common and rare disorders and presentations.

### Puntos clave del libro Atlas of Retinal OCT 2nd Edition.

- Features more than 1,000 high-quality illustrations depicting the full spectrum of retinal diseases using OCT and OCTA scans, supported by clinical photos and ancillary imaging technologies.
- Contains new and updated image examples throughout—including new OCTA images with artifacts and key findings highlighted.
- Presents images as large as possible on the page with an abundance of arrows, pointers, and labels to guide you in pattern recognition and eliminate any uncertainty.

- Includes the latest high-resolution spectral domain OCT technology and new insights into OCT angiography technology to ensure you have the most up-to-date and highest quality examples available.
- Provides key feature points for each disorder, giving you the need-to-know OCT essentials for quick comprehension and rapid reference.
- An excellent diagnostic companion to Handbook of Retinal OCT: Optical Coherence Tomography, 2nd Edition.
- An eBook version is included with purchase. The eBook allows you to access all of the text, figures and references, with the ability to search, customize your content, make notes and highlights, and have content read aloud.

[» Más libros de Oftalmología](#)

[» Más libros de Retina y vítreo](#)

[» Más libros de Imagenología ocular](#)

[» Síguenos en Facebook](#)

## Índice del libro Atlas of Retinal OCT 2nd Edition

### **PART 1: NORMAL OPTICAL COHERENCE TOMOGRAPHY**

#### Section 1: Normal Optic Nerve

##### 1.1 Normal Optic Nerve

#### Section 2: Normal Retina

##### 2.1 Time Domain OCT

##### 2.2 Spectral Domain OCT

##### 2.3 Swept Source OCT

#### Section 3: Normal Choroid

##### 3.1 Normal Choroid

#### Section 4: Normal Vitreous

##### 4.1 Normal Vitreous

#### Section 5: OCT: Artifacts and Errors

##### 5.1 OCT: Artifacts and Errors

##### 5.2 OCT Angiography Artifacts

### **PART 2: ISOLATED MACULAR DISORDERS**

#### Section 6: Age-Related Macular Degeneration

##### 6.1.1 Drusen

##### 6.1.2 Geographic Atrophy

##### 6.1.3 Isolated Pigment Epithelial Detachment

##### 6.2.1 Type 1 Macular Neovascular Membrane

##### 6.2.2 Type 2 Macular Neovascular Membrane

##### 6.2.3 Type 3 Macular Neovascular Membrane

##### 6.2.4 Subretinal Hemorrhage

6.2.5 Disciform Scar

6.2.6 Retinal Pigment Epithelial Tear

6.2.7 Polypoidal Choroidal Vasculopathy

Section 7: Vitreomacular Interface Disorders

7.1 Vitreomacular Adhesion

7.2 Vitreomacular Traction

7.3 Full-Thickness Macular Hole

7.4 Lamellar Macular Hole

7.5 Epiretinal Membrane

Section 8: Central Serous Chorioretinopathy

8.1 Central Serous Chorioretinopathy

Section 9: Myopic Degenerative Maculopathies

9.1 Myopic Choroidal Neovascular Membrane

9.2 Myopic Macular Schisis

9.3 Dome-Shaped Macula

9.4 Posterior Staphyloma

Section 10: Hydroxychloroquine and Pentosan Toxicities

10.1 Hydroxychloroquine Toxicity

10.2 Pentosan Toxicity

Section 11: Vitelliform Macular Dystrophy

11.1 Vitelliform Dystrophy

Section 12: Macular Telangiectasia

12.1 Macular Telangiectasia

Section 13: Isolated Cystoid Macular Edema

13.1 Isolated Cystoid Macular Edema

Section 14: Other Disorders Affecting the Macular

14.1 Angioid Streaks

14.2 X-Linked Juvenile Retinoschisis

14.3 Oculocutaneous Albinism

14.4 Subretinal Perfluorocarbon

### **PART 3: VASOOCCLUSIVE DISORDERS**

Section 15: Diabetic Retinopathy

15.1 Diabetic Macular Edema

15.2 Nonproliferative Diabetic Retinopathy

15.3 Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy

Section 16: Retinal Venous Occlusive Disease

16.1 Branch Retinal Vein Occlusion

16.2 Central Retinal Vein Occlusion

Section 17: Retinal Arterial Occlusive Disease

17.1 Branch Retinal Artery Occlusion

## 17.2 Central Retinal Arterial Occlusion

### **PART 4: UVEITIS AND INFLAMMATORY DISORDERS**

#### Section 18: Noninfectious Uveitis

##### 18.1.1 Birdshot Retinochoroidopathy

##### 18.1.2 Acute Posterior Multifocal Placoid Pigment Epitheliopathy

##### 18.1.3 Multiple Evanescent White Dot Syndrome

##### 18.1.4 Serpiginous Choroiditis

##### 18.1.5 Multifocal Choroiditis and Panuveitis and Punctate Inner Choroidopathy

#### 18.2 Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada Disease

#### 18.3 Sympathetic Ophthalmia

#### Section 19: Infectious Uveitis

##### 19.1 Toxoplasmic Chorioretinitis

##### 19.2 Acute Syphilitic Posterior Placoid Chorioretinitis

##### 19.3 Tuberculosis

##### 19.4 Posterior Scleritis

##### 19.5 Candida Chorioretinitis

##### 19.6 Acute Retinal Necrosis Syndrome

### **PART 5: RETINAL AND CHOROIDAL TUMORS**

#### Section 20: Choroidal Tumors

##### 20.1 Choroidal Nevus

##### 20.2 Choroidal Melanoma

##### 20.3 Solitary Choroidal Hemangioma

#### Section 21: Retinal Tumors

##### 21.1 Retinal Capillary Hemangioma

#### Section 22: Retinal Pigment Epithelium Tumors

##### 22.1 Simple Hamartoma of the RPE

##### 22.2 Combined Hamartoma of the Retina and RPE

#### Section 23: Metastatic Choroidal Tumors

##### 23.1 Choroidal Metastases

### **PART 6: TRAUMA**

#### Section 24: Mechanical Trauma

##### 24.1 Valsalva Retinopathy

#### Section 25: Photic Maculopathy

##### 25.1 Laser Maculopathy

##### 25.2 Solar Maculopathy

### **PART 7: INHERITED RETINAL DEGENERATIONS**

#### Section 26: Retinal Dystrophies

##### 26.1 Retinitis Pigmentosa

- 26.2 Stargardt Disease
- 26.3 Best Disease
- 26.4 Cone Dystrophy
- 26.5 Malattia Leventinese (Doyme's Honeycomb Retinal Dystrophy)
- 26.6 Central Areolar Choroidal Dystrophy

## **PART 8: VITREOUS DISORDERS**

- Section 27: Posterior Vitreous Detachment
- 27.1 Stages of Posterior Vitreous Detachment
- Section 28: Asteroid Hyalosis
- 28.1 Asteroid Hyalosis
- Section 29: Vitreous Hemorrhage
- 29.1 Vitreous Hemorrhage
- Section 30: Vitreous Inflammation
- 30.1 Vitreous Inflammation

## **PART 9: MISCELLANEOUS RETINAL DISORDERS**

- Section 31: Peripheral Retinal Abnormalities
- 31.1 Tractional Retinal Detachment
- 31.2 Rhegmatogenous Retinal Detachment
- 31.3 Bullous Retinoschisis
- 31.4 Lattice Degeneration
- 31.5 Myelinated Nerve Fiber Layer